SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. NAME OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINAL PRODUCT

Panacur 18.75% Oral Paste

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Active substance:	<u>%w/w</u>
Fenbendazole	18.75
Excipients:	
Methyl hydroxybenzoate Propyl hydroxybenzoate	0.17 0.016

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Oral paste White to light grey, smooth, spreadable, homogeneous paste

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Target species

Domestic dogs, cats, puppies and kittens.

4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species

A broad spectrum anthelmintic for the treatment of domestic dogs and cats infected with immature and mature stages of nematodes of the gastro-intestinal and respiratory tracts. Panacur also has an ovicidal effect on nematode eggs.

<u>Adult dogs and cats</u>: For the treatment of adult dogs and cats infected with gastrointestinal nematodes and cestodes: Ascarid spp (*Toxocara canis, Toxocara cati* and *Toxascaris leonina*) *Ancylostoma spp* Trichuris spp Uncinaria spp Taenia spp

<u>Puppies and kittens</u>: For the treatment of puppies and kittens infected with gastrointestinal nematodes and puppies infected with protozoa (*Giardia* spp).

Also for the treatment of dogs infected with lungworm *Oslerus* (*Filaroides*) *osleri* or protozoa Giardia spp and cats infected with lungworm *Aelurostrongylus abstrusus*.

4.3 Contra-indications

None

4.4 Special warning for each target species

None

4.5 Special precautions for use

- (i) Special precautions for use in animals Assess bodyweight as accurately as possible before calculating the dosage.
- (ii) Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the medicinal product to the animals Direct contact with the skin should be kept to a minimum. Wear impermeable rubber gloves while administering the product Wash hands after use.

4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness)

None known

4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay

Pregnant females may be safely treated with fenbendazole at therapeutic dosage levels. Owing to the reduced dose rate for treatment of pregnant dogs (25 mg fenbendazole/kg bodyweight daily) which can not accurately be attained when using the Panacur Paste 5 g syringe, it is recommended that alternative formulations of fenbendazole be used.

4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

None known

4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route

Panacur 18.75% Oral Paste should be administered orally by squeezing the paste from the syringe onto the back of the tongue after feeding.

To prepare the Panacur 18.75% Oral Paste syringe for the first use, remove the syringe tip and turn the dial ring until the edge of the ring nearest the tip lines up with the zero (0) on the tube. Depress the plunger and discard any expelled paste. To protect householders, discard any unused paste into tissue and immediately dispose of via the household waste.

The syringe is ready for use. The plunger has 18 graduations, each unit corresponding to 50 mg fenbendazole. Determine the number of graduations needed based on the body weight of the animal. Turn the ring on the plunger to the corresponding graduation.

Adult Cats and Dogs

Orally administer 2 syringe graduations per 1 kg bodyweight as a single dose (= 100 mg fenbendazole/kg bodyweight). Each 5 g syringe is sufficient to dose up to 9 kg bodyweight as a single dose.

Practical dosage recommendations:

<i>Up to 1kg</i> 1.1 to 2 kg	2 syringe graduations 4 syringe graduations
2.1 to 3 kg	6 syringe graduations
3.1 to 4 kg	8 syringe graduations
4.1 to 5 kg	10 syringe graduations
5.1 to 6 kg	12 syringe graduations
6.1 to 7 kg	14 syringe graduations
7.1 to 8 kg	16 syringe graduations
8.1 to 9 kg	18 syringe graduations

Additional syringes are required for dogs and cats weighing over 9 kg. For dogs and cats weighing over 9 kg, two extra syringe graduations are required for each additional 1 kg bodyweight as a single dose.

Treatment should be repeated when natural re-infection with parasitic worms occurs. Routine treatment of adult animals with minimal exposure to infection is advisable 2 to 4 times per year. More frequent treatment at 6 to 8 weekly intervals is advisable for dogs in kennels and cats in catteries or a breeders premises.

Puppies and kittens under 6 months of age

Only treat puppies and kittens weighing greater than 1 kg with this product. Orally administer the recommended dosages as described below, daily for 3 consecutive days

Each 5 g syringe is sufficient to dose up to 6 kg bodyweight for 3 consecutive days.

Practical dosage recommendations:

1.0 to 2 kg	2 syringe graduations daily for 3 days
2.1 to 3 kg	3 syringe graduations daily for 3 days
3.1 to 4 kg	4 syringe graduations daily for 3 days
4.1 to 5 kg	5 syringe graduations daily for 3 days
5.1 to 6 kg	6 syringe graduations daily for 3 days

Additional syringes are required if puppies weigh over 6 kg under 6 months old. For puppies weighing over 6 kg, an extra syringe graduation is required daily for each additional 1 kg bodyweight.

Puppies and kittens should be treated at 2 weeks of age, 5 weeks of age and again before leaving the breeder's premises. Treatment may also be required at 8 and 12 weeks of age. Thereafter, frequency of treatment can be reduced unless the puppies and kittens remain in kennels or kittens remain in catteries /breeders premises where reinfection occurs more readily.

Pregnant dogs

Owing to the reduced dose rate for treatment of pregnant dogs (25 mg fenbendazole/kg bodyweight daily) which can not accurately be attained when using the Panacur Paste 5 g syringe, it is recommended that alternative formulations of fenbendazole be used.

Pregnant cats

Pregnant cats can be safely treated with Panacur Paste but only require a single treatment at the routine adult dose rate. Orally administer 2 syringe graduations per 1 kg bodyweight as a single dose (= 100 mg fenbendazole/kg bodyweight). Each 5 g syringe is sufficient to dose up to 9 kg bodyweight as a single dose.

INCREASED DOSING FOR SPECIFIC INFECTIONS

For the treatment of <u>clinical</u> worm infestations in adult dogs and cats or *Giardia* spp. infections in dogs and puppies, orally administer 1 syringe graduation per 1 kg bodyweight daily for 3 consecutive days (= 50 mg fenbendazole/kg bodyweight daily for 3 days).

For the control of lungworm *Oslerus (Filaroides) osleri* in dogs administer 1 syringe graduation per 1 kg bodyweight for 7 consecutive days (= 50 mg fenbendazole/kg bodyweight daily for 7 days). A repeat course of treatment may be required in some cases.

For the control of lungworm *Aelurostrongylus abstrusus* in cats administer 1 syringe graduation per 1 kg bodyweight for 3 consecutive days (= 50 mg fenbendazole/kg bodyweight daily for 3 days).

4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary

Benzimidazoles have a high margin of safety.

4.11 Withdrawal periods for the various foodstuffs, including those for which the withdrawal period is zero

Not applicable

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Fenbendazole is an anthelmintic belonging to the benzimidazole carbamates group. It acts by interfering in the energy metabolism of the nematode. The anthelmintic efficacy is based on inhibition of the polymerisation of tubulin to microtubuli. The anthelmintic affects both adult and immature stages of gastrointestinal and respiratory nematodes.

Fenbendazole is metabolised to its sulphoxide, then to sulphone and amines.

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5.2 Pharmacokinetic particulars

Fenbendazole is only partly absorbed after oral administration and is then metabolised in the liver. Fenbendazole and its metabolites are distributed throughout the body and high concentrations can be found in the liver. The elimination of fenbendazole and its metabolites occurs primarily via the faeces (>90%) and to a smaller extent in the urine and milk.

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients

Propyl hydroxybenzoate Methyl hydroxybenzoate Carbomer Propylene Glycol Glycerol Sorbitol Sodium Hydroxide Purified water

6.2 Major incompatibilities

None

6.3 Shelf life

Shelf life of the veterinary medicinal product as packaged for sale: 2 years

6.4 Special precautions for storage

Do not store above 25°C.

6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging

White opaque, graduated syringe made of high density polyethylene, containing 5g paste. The adjustable injector is sealed with a high density polyethylene cap.

6.6 Special precautions for disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products, if appropriate

Any unused product, or waste material should be disposed of in accordance with national requirements.

7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER

MSD Animal Health UK Limited Walton Manor Walton Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire MK7 7AJ

8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER

Vm 01708/4448

9. DATE OF FIRST AUTHORISATION

15 April 1998

10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT

February 2021

Approved: 18/02/21

D. Austur-